

US dollar explainer

What a weaker dollar means for investors

US dollar under pressure

World's reserve currency is facing headwinds

- Long considered a safe-haven and a symbol of US financial dominance, the dollar's status is starting to be questioned.
- After many years of impressive gains, the currency has come under significant pressure so far in 2025.
- The dollar has lost more than 7% of its value against a broad basket of its trading partners.* Compare its fate with the euro, which has appreciated by 12%.

US dollar accounts for nearly

60% of global foreign exchange reserves**

Dollar at its lowest level since 2022

US dollar trade weighted index



Source: Bloomberg. Data as at 16 July 2025.

What is pushing the dollar lower?

We see several factors contributing to the dollar's slide:

1. Weaker growth

- Dollar strength since the 2008 financial crisis was built on the US economy performing better than other countries.
- But US growth contracted in Q1 2025.
- Imports surged as companies bought foreign goods ahead of the onset of US tariffs.
- However, setting aside these short-term dynamics, the underlying pace of consumer demand appears to be softening while inflationary pressures have risen. This increases the risk of stagflation or recession ahead.

2. Less friendly US policy

- The US administration thinks a weaker dollar would benefit US manufacturing – other nations could buy US goods more cheaply.
- New policies on trade and immigration have also contributed to investor uncertainty about the US outlook.

The One Big Beautiful Bill Act may swell the US budget deficit to around

USD 2.5 trillion

by 2034*

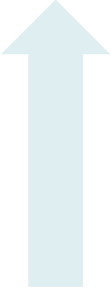
3. Tarnished safe-haven value

- In the past, the dollar and US Treasuries protected portfolios during equity market downturns by rising in value. But that did not happen during the equity market sell-off post “liberation day” in April 2025.
- Instead, the dollar and longer-dated Treasuries also fell, prompting many non-US investors to add additional currency hedging on their US exposure.

What does a weaker dollar mean for markets?

The dollar holds significant sway in markets, influencing economic performance, return expectations, valuations and currency risk.

Upside

- 
- Periods of dollar weakness have often been associated with cyclical recoveries in the global economy. For non-US companies and countries dependent on US capital markets, it is easier to raise capital when the dollar is weaker because their assets are valued more highly.
 - A lower dollar also makes it easier for countries with high exposure to the US to lower interest rates. Asian countries may benefit as lower domestic rates can boost growth.

Downside

- 
- The high weight of US assets in many investor portfolios means a declining dollar can act as a drag on performance. Currency hedging costs for portfolios may rise.
 - Investors may need to actively consider greater diversification, something that has been challenging as performance has been concentrated among a small group of leaders in equity markets.
 - A weaker dollar can make imports to the US more expensive, potentially raising prices. This can make it more challenging for the US Federal Reserve to cut interest rates.

USD 26 trillion

= foreign ownership of US dollar assets*

Looking ahead, what is the outlook for the dollar?

The dollar is still overvalued and we anticipate a decline in value against major peers over the medium term.

We expect the euro to trend higher against the dollar, with 1.20 the first target. We see two factors supporting our outlook:

1. European strength

- Plans for increased government spending by new German Chancellor Friedrich Merz have served to boost growth expectations in the euro area (versus a deteriorating picture in the US).
- In the longer term, the prospect of higher defence spending may also further support the euro, via stronger growth and improved investor confidence.

2. US uncertainty

- Do not write off the US: its tech leadership makes it a portfolio staple and it remains an unparalleled place to do business. The US's currently higher interest rates (versus other G10 countries) should support the dollar.
- However, the value of these higher interest rates may be undermined by frequent attacks on the Federal Reserve's independence by US President Donald Trump, who is pushing for lower rates.

Where should I invest when the dollar is weaker?

Given prevailing dollar weakness, we see opportunities across asset classes*:

Equities	Emerging market equities are aided by strong momentum and solid fundamentals helped by a weaker US dollar, improved earnings prospects and supportive policy conditions.
Fixed income	We maintain a preference for euro zone sovereign bonds over US Treasuries, helped by weaker inflation and the asset class's emerging safe-haven appeal.
Currencies	US dollar fragility is still the dominant theme in currency markets. We stay positive on the euro and the Japanese yen , benefitting from dollar weakness and supportive fundamentals.
Commodities	Gold has reached record highs, and we think it will continue to receive a boost from a weaker dollar and strong buying from central banks.

The US's investment case remains strong: Investors can't avoid the US. A high return on capital, AI leadership, favourable demographics and huge economy make the US an integral part of many portfolios. But for non-US investors, declines in the dollar can put pressure on holdings weighted in the currency, affecting the overall portfolio value. Investors can consider managing these risks by hedging their dollar exposure.

Disclaimer

Investing involves risk. The value of an investment and the income from it will fluctuate and investors may not get back the principal invested. Past performance is not indicative of future performance. This is a marketing communication. It is for informational purposes only. This document does not constitute investment advice or a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security and shall not be deemed an offer to sell or a solicitation of an offer to buy any security.

The views and opinions expressed herein, which are subject to change without notice, are those of the issuer or its affiliated companies at the time of publication. Certain data used are derived from various sources believed to be reliable, but the accuracy or completeness of the data is not guaranteed and no liability is assumed for any direct or consequential losses arising from their use. The duplication, publication, extraction or transmission of the contents, irrespective of the form, is not permitted.

This material has not been reviewed by any regulatory authorities. In mainland China, it is for Qualified Domestic Institutional Investors scheme pursuant to applicable rules and regulations and is for information purpose only. This document does not constitute a public offer by virtue of Act Number 26.831 of the Argentine Republic and General Resolution No. 622/2013 of the NSC. This communication's sole purpose is to inform and does not under any circumstance constitute promotion or publicity of Allianz Global Investors products and/or services in Colombia or to Colombian residents pursuant to part 4 of Decree 2555 of 2010. This communication does not in any way aim to directly or indirectly initiate the purchase of a product or the provision of a service offered by Allianz Global Investors. Via reception of this document, each resident in Colombia acknowledges and accepts to have contacted Allianz Global Investors via their own initiative and that the communication under no circumstances does not arise from any promotional or marketing activities carried out by Allianz Global Investors. Colombian residents accept that accessing any type of social network page of Allianz Global Investors is done under their own responsibility and initiative and are aware that they may access specific information on the products and services of Allianz Global Investors. This communication is strictly private and confidential and may not be reproduced, except for the case of explicit permission by Allianz Global Investors. This communication does not constitute a public offer of securities in Colombia pursuant to the public offer regulation set forth in Decree 2555 of 2010. This communication and the information provided herein should not be considered a solicitation or an offer by Allianz Global Investors or its affiliates to provide any financial products in Brazil, Panama, Peru, and Uruguay. In Australia, this material is presented by Allianz Global Investors Asia Pacific Limited ("AllianzGI AP") and is intended for the use of investment consultants and other institutional /professional investors only, and is not directed to the public or individual retail investors. AllianzGI AP is not licensed to provide financial services to retail clients in Australia. AllianzGI AP is exempt from the requirement to hold an Australian Foreign Financial Service License under the Corporations Act 2001 (Cth) pursuant to ASIC Class Order (CO 03/1103) with respect to the provision of financial services to wholesale clients only. AllianzGI AP is licensed and regulated by Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission under Hong Kong laws, which differ from Australian laws.

This document is being distributed by the following Allianz Global Investors companies: Allianz Global Investors GmbH, an investment company in Germany, authorized by the German Bundesanstalt für Finanzdienstleistungsaufsicht (BaFin); Allianz Global Investors (Schweiz) AG; Allianz Global Investors UK Limited, authorized and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority; in HK, by Allianz Global Investors Asia Pacific Ltd., licensed by the Hong Kong Securities and Futures Commission; in Singapore, by Allianz Global Investors Singapore Ltd., regulated by the Monetary Authority of Singapore [Company Registration No. 199907169Z]; in Japan, by Allianz Global Investors Japan Co., Ltd., registered in Japan as a Financial Instruments Business Operator [Registered No. The Director of Kanto Local Finance Bureau (Financial Instruments Business Operator), No. 424], Member of Japan Investment Advisers Association, the Investment Trust Association, Japan and Type II Financial Instruments Firms Association; in Taiwan, by Allianz Global Investors Taiwan Ltd., licensed by Financial Supervisory Commission in Taiwan; and in Indonesia, by PT. Allianz Global Investors Asset Management Indonesia licensed by Indonesia Financial Services Authority (OJK).